



Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A method for compressing data representing a 3D unit vector comprising the steps of:

- a) determining X, Y, and Z components from the vector;
- b) determining in which octant of an octant pair the vector falls to derive octant pair data;
- b+c) scaling the vector with a scaling factor;
- d) deriving compressed data values to represent the vector from the octant pair data and the scaled vector data.

2. (Original) A method for compressing data representing a 3D unit vector according to claim 1 in which step b) uses the signs of the X, Y, and Z components to determine the octant pair data.

3. (Currently Amended) A method for compressing data representing a 3D unit vector according to ~~claims 1 or 2~~Claim 1 in which the scaling step is applied to the X and Y components.

4. (Original) A method for compressing data representing a 3D unit vector according to claim 3 in which the compressed data values are derived from the octant pair data and the scaled X and Y components in combination with the sign of the Z component.

5. (Original) Apparatus for compressing data representing a 3D unit vector comprising:

- a) means for determining X, Y and Z components from the vector;
- b) means for deriving octant pair data by determining in which octant of a plurality of octant pairs the vector falls;
- c) means for scaling the vector data values;
- d) means for deriving compressed data values to represent the vector from the octant pair data and the scaled vector data.

6. (Original) Apparatus for compressing data representing a 3D unit vector according to claim 5 in which the signs of the X, Y, and Z components are used to determine octant pair data.

7. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for compressing data representing a 3D unit vector according to ~~claims 5 or 6~~Claim 5 in which the scaling means applies the scaling factor to the X and Y components.

8. (Original) Apparatus for compressing data representing a 3D unit vector according to claim 5 in which the compressed data values are derived from the octant pair data and the scaled X and Y components in combination with the sign of the Z component.

9. (Original) A method for decompressing data representing a 3D unit vector from compressed data comprising three fields, the methods comprising the steps of:

- a) identifying one of four octant pairs from data stored in the first field;
- b) extracting first and second data values from second and third fields;
- c) determining in which octant of the octant pair the vector falls;

- d) deriving X, Y and Z components in dependence of the choice of octants;
- e) normalizing the X, Y, and Z components to derive a unit vector.

10. (Original) Apparatus for decompressing data representing a 3D unit vector from compressed data of three fields, the apparatus comprising:

- a) means for identifying one of four octant pairs from data stored in the first field;
- b) means for extracting first and second data values from the second and third fields respectively;
- c) means for determining in which octant of the identified octant pair the vector falls;
- d) means for deriving X, Y and Z components in dependence on the choice of octant;
- e) means for normalizing the X, Y and Z components to derive a unit vector.

Amendments to the Drawings

Attached are replacement drawing sheets for amended Figures 3-6.

Figures 3-6: (Original Figures 5-8)

Original Figures 5-8 are now renumbered as Figures 3-6, respectively.